



ANNUAL INFORMATION FORM

Financial year ended on November 30, 2015

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INFORMATION INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Certain information contained in this Annual Information Form ("AIF") may be found in other documents filed by us with Canadian securities regulators, including our 2015 Management's Discussion & Analysis available via SEDAR and which can be accessed at www.sedar.com. See also the section in this AIF entitled "Additional Information".

Unless stated otherwise, i) the information contained in this AIF is given as at November 30, 2015; ii) unless the context otherwise indicates, "Richelieu", the "Corporation", "we", "us" and "our" refers to Richelieu Hardware Ltd. and its direct and indirect subsidiaries; and iii) all dollar amounts in this AIF are expressed in Canadian dollars. Disclosure of information in this report has been limited to that which management has determined to be "material", on the basis that omitting or misstating such information would influence or change a reasonable investor's decision to purchase, hold or dispose of securities in the Corporation.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain statements contained in this AIF constitute forward-looking information within the meaning of securities laws.

Implicit in this information, particularly in respect of the Corporation's future operating results and economic performance are assumptions regarding projected revenues and expenses. These assumptions, although considered reasonable by the Corporation at the time of preparation, may prove to be incorrect. Readers are cautioned that the Corporation's future operating results and economic performance are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties and could differ materially from what is currently expected. Unless otherwise indicated, financial and other information herein is presented on a consolidated basis.

Forward-looking information contained in this report is based on management's current estimates, expectations and projections, which management believes are reasonable as of the current date. The reader should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements and should not rely upon this information as of any other date. While the Corporation may elect to, it is under no obligation and does not undertake to update this information at any particular time, unless required by applicable securities law.

CORPORATE STRUCTURE

Richelieu Hardware Ltd., which registered office is located at 7900 Henri-Bourassa Blvd. West, Montreal, Quebec, was incorporated under Part I of the *Companies Act* (Quebec) by letters patent dated September 16, 1968 and registered on October 8, 1968 and was continued under Part IA of the *Companies Act* (Quebec) by Certificate of Continuance dated November 30, 1983. The Corporation amalgamated with 2539-9346 Québec Inc. by Certificate of Amalgamation dated December 1, 1987.

By Certificates of Amendment dated February 7, 1989 and May 18, 1993, certain amendments were made to the Corporation's charter provisions and share capital, including the subdivision of the 28,090 common shares then outstanding into 6,000,000 common shares and the creation of an unlimited number of preferred shares issuable in series.

On July 27, 1993, Richelieu completed its initial public offering and secondary distribution by Schroder Canadian Buy-Out Fund and Company, Limited, Schroder Canadian Buy-Out Limited Partnership and Schroder-CIBC and Company, Limited (collectively, the "Schroder Partnerships").

On April 9, 1999 and on July 20, 2001, the Corporation proceeded with a subdivision, on a two-for-one basis, of all of the outstanding shares of its capital stock. On January 29, 2016, the Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX) approved a new subdivision, effective as of February 29th, 2016, of all of the outstanding shares of its capital stock, on a three-for-one basis.

INTER-CORPORATE RELATIONSHIP

The following table sets out the subsidiaries of Richelieu as at November 30, 2015. The financial information pertaining to all the subsidiaries named below is consolidated in the financial statements incorporated by reference herein. On November 30, 2015, total assets and sales of subsidiaries held by the Corporation represented 75% of the consolidated assets and 71% of the consolidated sales of the Corporation.

Subsidiaries	Incorporated under the Laws of	Percentage of Ownership
DISTRIBUTIONS 20/20 INC.	Canada	100%
LES INDUSTRIES CEDAN INC.	Quebec	100%
RICHELIEU AMERICA LTD.	Delaware, USA	100%
RICHELIEU FINANCES LTD. ⁽¹⁾	Quebec	100%
MENUISERIE DES PINS LTÉE	Quebec	75%
PROVINCIAL WOODPRODUCTS LTD.	Newfoundland	85%

(1) Richelieu Finances Ltd. is the owner of 100% of the shares of Richelieu Hardware Canada Ltd., a corporation incorporated under the laws of Ontario.

GENERAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE BUSINESS

OVERVIEW

Richelieu is the main distributor, importer and manufacturer of specialized hardware and related products in Canada. The Corporation also acts as a North America leader in its specialty. With 66 distribution centers, including two manufacturing plants, Richelieu serves its market from sea to sea.

ACQUISITIONS

The market position now occupied by Richelieu is mainly due to the aggressive acquisition program undertaken since 1987. Capitalizing on significant fragmentation in the specialty hardware industry, Richelieu has completed as of today 55 strategic acquisitions at a total cost of over \$199 million.

In addition to the cost savings derived from the acquisitions, the Corporation's acquisition program has enabled Richelieu to successfully expand the breadth of its product assortment, diversify its distribution activities geographically, reach a broader customer base, gain access to new sources of supply from leading manufacturers world-wide, as well as consolidate its purchasing power with respect to the supply and shipping of products. Richelieu also relies on the services of qualified managers and experienced sales representatives.

Over the last three financial years, the Corporation has completed the following acquisitions:

On March 21, 2013, the Corporation acquired the principal net assets of CourterCo Savannah LLC, a distributor of specialized and decorative hardware products located in Savannah, Georgia, USA.

On September 3, 2013, the Corporation acquired the principal net assets of 622078 B.C. Ltd. (doing business as Hi-Tech Glazing Supplies), a distributor of windows and doors hardware products located in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

On December 2, 2013, the Corporation acquired all issued and outstanding shares of Prochem Atlantic Inc. (doing business as Procraft Industrial), a well-known distributor of finishing products located in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, Canada.

On May 5, 2014, the Corporation acquired the principal net assets of Pleasantside Distribution Ltd., a distributor of specialized hardware products serving Western Canada.

On June 30, 2014, the Corporation acquired the principal assets of CabinetWare, Inc., a distributor of specialized hardware products operating 4 distribution centers in Florida (Sarasota, Jacksonville, Tampa Bay and Orlando), USA, serving a large customer base of residential and commercial cabinet makers.

On September 22, 2014, the Corporation acquired all issued and outstanding shares of XM Export-Import Canada Inc. a distributor of specialized hardware products located in Quebec, Canada.

On October 27, 2014, the Corporation acquired the principal net assets of Thruway Hardwood and Plywood Corp., a distributor of panels and specialized hardware operating two distribution centers within the State of New York (Buffalo and Syracuse), USA.

On June 18, 2015, the Corporation acquired the principal net assets of B.D. Enterprises, Inc. (doing business as Single Source Cabinet Supplies), a distributor of specialized hardware located in Dallas, Texas, USA, serving residential and commercial cabinet makers.

Since the end of its last fiscal year, the Corporation further completed the following acquisition:

On December 14, 2015, the Corporation acquired all issued and outstanding shares of Cabinetmakers Supply, Inc. (doing business as Cornerstone Hardware & Supplies), a distributor of specialized hardware products located in Houston, Texas, USA, serving residential and commercial cabinet makers.

NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS

DISTRIBUTION ACTIVITIES

Richelieu's customer base includes kitchen and bath cabinets, furniture, doors and windows and commercial and residential cabinet manufacturers and hardware retailers, including hardware and home improvement superstores. In serving such markets, Richelieu continuously monitors its product line, so as to emphasize state-of-the-art products and to eliminate unprofitable slow moving product lines. Richelieu's mission is to create value for its shareholders and contribute to the growth and success of its customers, while promoting a corporate culture centered on quality of service and results, partnership and intrapreneurship.

The following list summarizes the main product categories carried by Richelieu:

- **Functional cabinet hardware and assembly products for manufacturing of kitchen cabinets and furniture**, including traditional and concealed cabinet door hinges, drawer slides, sliding door systems, screws, fittings, swivels, lighting products, brackets and other related hardware products and specialized tools sourced from international manufacturers;
- **Decorative hardware products** such as handles, knobs and mouldings available in a variety of styles, finishes and sizes;
- **High-pressure laminates** in a variety of colours and types of finishes including decorative high-pressure laminates, craftwood veneers, solid surfaces for countertops, decorative tambours, adhesives and related mouldings and panels;
- **Decorative and functional panels** which include particle boards, melamine panels and medium density fiber panels (MDF);
- **Veneer sheets and edge banding products** in wood, melamine or polyester and in a wide range of finishes and sizes;
- **Kitchen accessories** including storage systems, cutlery trays, sinks, Lazy Susans, towel racks, pull-out storage and pantry systems, decorative kitchen accessories, waste bins and working surfaces;
- **Closet storage solutions**;
- **Finishing products** such as lacquers, stains and varnishes;
- **Glass hardware products**;
- **Floor protection products**;
- **Ergonomic workstation components**;
- **Bulletin boards and scoreboards**; and
- **Door and window components**.

The distribution activities of Richelieu are the core of its business and accounted for approximately 97% of its total sales in fiscal year 2015. As at November 30, 2015, the Company's product selection exceeds 110,000 items (referred to as "stock-keeping units" or "SKUs"). Richelieu's principal strength lies in its ability to introduce new products to the market, which allows it to adequately respond to the needs of its customers.

From a distribution standpoint, Richelieu's fully automated order processing system enables it to ship customer orders in a timely and efficient manner. Items are normally stocked in our warehouse locations according to historical demand patterns. Inventory records are computerized so that any order may be delivered from the warehouse located closest to the customer. Inventories are constantly adjusted in response to changes in demand.

In order to minimize delivery time, Richelieu engages the services of various independent transportation companies to deliver large bulk order shipments to its largest customers. For smaller orders, Richelieu has delivery arrangements with various independent courier companies that provide it with preferential shipping rates established on the basis of the volume of goods shipped annually. These arrangements enable Richelieu to avoid the higher costs of running its own transportation system, while retaining full control and flexibility in the management of its delivery network. Richelieu is committed to provide customers with timely error-free order processing and rapid delivery. The average service turnaround time is approximately 24 hours from the moment an order is placed.

MARKETING

Richelieu's extensive client base of more than 70,000 active customers is served through 36 sales locations across Canada, 28 sales locations across the United States, the www.richelieu.com website and two manufacturing plants in Canada. Of this total, approximately 59,000 customers are manufacturers of kitchen and bathroom cabinets, furniture and doors and windows which, in fiscal 2015, accounted for approximately 85% of Richelieu's total sales. The other accounts are comprised mainly of retailers, including large renovation superstores, which accounted for the remaining 15% of Richelieu's sales during the same period.

In fiscal 2015, 30% of Richelieu's total sales were in Eastern Canada, 17% in Ontario, 22% in Western Canada and 31% in the United States and abroad. In the same fiscal year, Richelieu's five largest customers accounted for approximately 13% of Richelieu's total sales.

SUPPLIERS

Richelieu provides its customers with a vast assortment of high-end products sourced directly from manufacturers worldwide. Richelieu seeks to establish strong relationships with high quality suppliers.

Richelieu provides its suppliers with an extensive North American distribution network, a specially trained sales force and a comprehensive marketing program. Approximately 73% of Richelieu's purchases are made from foreign manufacturers. In fiscal 2015 Richelieu's five largest suppliers collectively accounted for approximately 26% of Richelieu's total purchases, with the largest supplier accounting for approximately 13%. Richelieu enjoys good relationships with its domestic and international suppliers. In the unlikely event an important supplier would chose to cease doing business with the Corporation, Richelieu would benefit from alternative manufacturers for each of its product lines.

HUMAN RESOURCES

Richelieu employed in excess of 1,900 persons as at November 30, 2015. Of these, 1,765 employees were involved in distribution activities, half of which were directly involved in sales and marketing activities and 135 were involved in the manufacturing operations. More than 50% of all employees are shareholders of Richelieu.

Seven collective agreements currently cover approximately 16% of Richelieu's work force. The following bargaining units are presently covered by collective agreements which expire on the following dates:

Establishment	Expiry Date
RICHELIEU (Warehouse - Richmond, British Columbia) – Three-year agreement	March 31, 2018
RICHELIEU (Warehouse - St. Laurent, Quebec) – Five-year agreement	November 30, 2018
LES INDUSTRIES CEDAN – Four-year agreement	October 31, 2017
DISTRIBUTIONS 20/20 – Five-year agreement	October 31, 2016
MENUISERIE DES PINS – Six-year agreement	March 31, 2020
RICHELIEU (Reliable Fasteners) – Five-year agreement	December 31, 2020
RICHELIEU (PJ White Hardwoods) – Three-year agreement	February 24, 2016

Notwithstanding the preceding, on August 31, 2015, an Application for Certification was filed before the Ontario Labour Relation Board in regards to a limited number of Richelieu's warehouse employees located in Mississauga, Ontario. Although negotiations pertaining to an initial collective agreement for this new bargaining units are still underway, Richelieu expects to continue to retain good working relations with all of its employees. Over the last five years, Richelieu has not experienced any material labour problem and has not experienced material difficulties with respect to the renewal of the above-mentioned agreements within the main parameters compatible with management's objectives.

COMPETITION

The specialty hardware market remains highly fragmented and, despite certain well established competitors in the United States, is composed of a multitude of regional distributors offering a limited range of products. In addition, certain manufacturers distribute their products directly. Richelieu differentiates itself from its competitors by the combination of its North American distribution network, its highly trained sales force and its vast assortment of quality products.

Management of Richelieu believes that, due to its unique business profile, Richelieu is well positioned to compete effectively in the North American specialty hardware market.

ENVIRONMENT

Provincial legislation pertaining to air emissions and waste management governs the manufacturing operations of Richelieu. It is management's opinion that Les Industries Cedan Inc. and Menuiserie des Pins Ltée. are operated in accordance with applicable regulations.

RISK FACTORS

Richelieu is exposed to different risks that can have a material adverse effect on its profitability. To offset such risks, the Corporation has adopted various strategies adapted to the major risk factors below:

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

The Corporation's business and financial results partly depend on general economic conditions and the economic factors specific to the renovation and construction industry. Any economic downturn could lead to a decline in sales and have an adverse impact on the Corporation's financial performance.

MARKET AND COMPETITION

The specialty hardware and renovation products segment is highly competitive. Richelieu has developed a business strategy rooted in a diversified product offering in various targeted niche markets in North America and sourced from suppliers around the world, in creative marketing and in unparalleled expertise and quality of service. Up to now, this strategy has enabled it to benefit from a solid competitive edge. However, if Richelieu were unable to implement its business strategy with the same success in the future, it could lose market shares and its financial performance could be adversely affected.

FOREIGN CURRENCY

Richelieu is exposed to the risks related to currency fluctuations, primarily in regard to foreign-currency denominated purchases and sales made abroad.

The Corporation's products are regularly sourced from abroad. Thus, any increase in foreign currencies (primarily the U.S. dollar and Euro) compared with the Canadian dollar tends to raise its supply cost and thereby affect its consolidated financial results. These currency fluctuations related risks are mitigated by the Corporation's ability to adjust its selling prices within a relatively short timeframe so as to protect its profit margins although significant volatility in foreign currencies may have an adverse impact on its sales.

Sales made abroad are mainly recorded in the United States and account for approximately 31% of Richelieu's total sales. Any volatility in the Canadian dollar therefore tends to affect consolidated results. This risk is partially offset by the fact that major purchases are denominated in U.S. dollars.

To manage its currency risk, the Corporation uses derivative financial instruments, more specifically forward exchange contracts in U.S. dollars and Euros. There can be no assurance that the Corporation will not sustain losses arising from these financial instruments or fluctuations in foreign currency.

SUPPLY AND INVENTORY MANAGEMENT

Richelieu must anticipate and meet its customers' supply needs. To that end, Richelieu must maintain solid relationships with suppliers respecting its supply criteria. The inability to maintain such relationships or to efficiently manage the supply chain and inventories could affect the Corporation's financial position. Similarly, Richelieu must track trends and its customers' preferences and maintain inventories meeting their needs, failing which its financial performance could be adversely affected.

To mitigate its supply-related risks, Richelieu has built solid long-term relationships with numerous suppliers on several continents, most of whom are world leaders.

ACQUISITIONS

Acquisitions in North America remain an important strategic focus for Richelieu. The Corporation will maintain its strict acquisition criteria and pay particular attention to the integration of its acquisitions. Nevertheless, there is no guarantee that a business matching Richelieu's acquisition criteria will be available and there can be no assurance that the Corporation will be able to make acquisitions at the same pace as in the past. However, the fact that the U.S. market remains highly fragmented and that acquisitions are generally of limited size reduces the inherent financial and operational risks.

CREDIT

The Corporation is exposed to the credit risk related to its accounts receivable. Richelieu has adopted a policy defining the credit conditions for its customers to safeguard against credit losses arising from doing business with them. For each customer, the Corporation sets a specific limit that is regularly reviewed. The diversification of its products, customers and suppliers reasonably safeguards the Corporation against a concentration of its credit risk. No customer of the Corporation accounts for more than 10% of its revenues.

LABOUR RELATIONS AND QUALIFIED EMPLOYEES

To achieve its objectives, Richelieu must attract, train and retain qualified employees while controlling its payroll. The inability to attract, train and retain qualified employees and to control its payroll could have an impact on the Corporation's financial performance.

Close to 16% of Richelieu's workforce is unionized. The Corporation's policy is to negotiate collective agreements at conditions enabling it to maintain its competitive edge and a positive and satisfactory working environment for its entire team. Richelieu has not experienced any major labour conflicts over the past five years. Any interruption in operations as a result of a labour conflict could have an adverse impact on the Corporation's financial results.

STABILITY OF KEY OFFICERS

Richelieu offers a stimulating working environment and a competitive compensation plan, which help it retain a stable management team. Failure to retain the services of a highly qualified management team could compromise the success of Richelieu's strategic execution and expansion, which could have an adverse impact on its financial results. To adequately manage its future growth, the Corporation adjusts its organizational structure as needed and strengthens the teams at the various levels of its business. It should be noted that more than 50% of its employees, including senior officers, are Richelieu shareholders.

PRODUCT LIABILITY

In the normal course of business, Richelieu is exposed to various product liability claims that could result in major costs and affect the Corporation's financial position. Richelieu has agreements containing the usual limits with insurance companies to cover the risks of claims associated with its operations.

CRISIS MANAGEMENT, IT CONTINGENCY PLAN AND DATA SECURITY

The IT structure implemented by Richelieu enables it to support its operations and contributes to ensure their efficiency. As the occurrence of a disaster, including a major interruption of its computer systems, could affect its operations and financial performance, the Corporation has implemented a crisis management and IT

contingency plan to reduce the extent of such a risk. This plan provides among others for an alternate physical location in the event of a disaster, generators in the event of power outages and a relief computer as powerful as the central computer.

A breach of the Corporation's IT security, loss of customer data or system disruption could adversely affect its business and reputation.

Richelieu's business is dependent on its payroll, transaction, financial, accounting and other data processing systems. The Corporation relies on these systems to process, on a daily basis, a large number of transactions. Any security breach in its business processes and/or systems has the potential to impact its customer information, which could result in the potential loss of business. If any of these systems fail to operate properly or become disabled, the Corporation could potentially lose control of customer data and suffer financial loss, a disruption of our businesses, liability to clients, regulatory intervention or damage to its reputation.

In addition, any issue of data privacy as it relates to unauthorized access to, or loss of, customer and/or employee information could result in the potential loss of business, damage to Richelieu's market reputation, litigation and regulatory investigation and penalties.

To reduce its risk, the Corporation continuously invests in the security of its IT systems, business processes improvements, and enhancements to its culture of information security.

DIVIDENDS

At its January 21, 2016 meeting, the Board of Directors approved the increase of the quarterly dividend from 0.15\$ to \$0.16 per share. The following table shows the dividends declared by the Corporation and paid to shareholders over the last three financial years.

	2015	2014	2013
Dividend paid per Share	\$0.60	\$0.56	\$0.52

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The authorized share capital of the Corporation consist of an unlimited number of common shares and an unlimited number of non-voting senior and junior preferred shares issuable in series, the attributes of which must be approved by the Board of Directors. As of January 31, 2016, there were 19,487,369 issued and outstanding common shares.

MARKET FOR SECURITIES

The common shares of the Corporation are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "RCH". The following table presents the price range and trading volume of the common shares of the Corporation on such stock exchange for the fiscal year ended on November 30, 2015.

Month	High (\$)	Low (\$)	Trading Volume
December 2014	57.39	55.42	183,318
January 2015	60.00	55.91	213,488
February 2015	63.01	57.41	364,951
March 2015	64.50	60.14	212,355
April 2015	66.93	61.25	315,122
May 2015	63.05	59.95	271,768
June 2015	64.25	60.37	415,969
July 2015	69.12	62.63	185,524
August 2015	70.00	48.00	374,287
September 2015	68.55	65.03	134,337
October 2015	70.87	66.10	322,557
November 2015	72.99	68.05	337,800

DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

DIRECTORS

The following table indicates, as of the present date, for each director of the Corporation, his name and province of residence, his principal occupation and the year during which he began serving as a director. The directors are elected until the next annual shareholders' meeting or, in the case of vacancy or resignation, until the election or nomination of a successor.

Name and Province of Residence	Principal Occupation	Director Since
DENYSE CHICOYNE ⁽²⁾ Quebec, Canada	Corporate Director	2005
ROBERT COURTEAU ⁽²⁾ Quebec, Canada	President and Chief Executive Officer of SPI Health and Safety Inc.	2004
JEAN DOUVILLE ⁽²⁾ Quebec, Canada	Chair of the Board, UAP Inc.	2005
MATHIEU GAUVIN ⁽¹⁾ Quebec, Canada	Partner, Richter Advisory Group Inc.	1993
RICHARD LORD Quebec, Canada	President and Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation	1988
MARC POULIN ⁽¹⁾ Quebec, Canada	Chief Executive Officer of Empire Company Limited and President and Chief Executive Officer of Sobeys Inc.	2013
JOCELYN PROTEAU Quebec, Canada	Chairman of the Board of Directors and Corporate Director	2005
SYLVIE VACHON ⁽¹⁾ Quebec, Canada	President and Chief Executive Officer, Montreal Port Authority	2015

1) Member of the Audit Committee.

2) Member of the Human Resources and Corporate Governance Committee

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The following table sets forth, as of the date hereof, the name and province of residence, the position and the first year of employment of each Executive Officers of the Corporation, as well as that of its Corporate Secretary.

Name and Province of Residence	Position	Employed since
RICHARD LORD Quebec, Canada	President and Chief Executive Officer	1988
ANTOINE AUCLAIR Quebec, Canada	Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	2011
GUY GRENIER Quebec, Canada	Vice President, Sales and Marketing- Industrial	1989
JEFF CREWS Ontario, Canada	Vice President - Business Development, Retailers Market, Canada	2015
CHARLES WHITE North Carolina, USA	Vice President - General Manager - United States	2008
GENEVIÈVE QUEVILLON Quebec, Canada	Vice President - Supply Chain and Logistics	2008
ÉRIC DAIGNAULT Quebec, Canada	General Manager of Divisions	2000
MARION KLOIBHOFFER Ontario, Canada	General Manager - Central Canada	1989
JOHN STATTON Alberta, Canada	General Manager - Western Canada and Western United States	1994
CHRISTIAN DION Quebec, Canada	Manager - Human Resources	2005
YANNICK GODEAU Quebec, Canada	Corporate Secretary	2014

Mr. Richard Lord is President and Chief Executive Officer of Richelieu Hardware Ltd. since 1988.

Mr. Antoine Auclair is Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation since November 21st, 2011. Prior to joining Richelieu, he was Vice President and Controller of CAE Inc. from 2006 to November 2011. Mr. Auclair was Vice President and Controller of Bell Nordiq Inc. from 2005 to 2006 and he held various positions at Bombardier Inc. from 1995 to 2005.

Mr. Guy Grenier is with the Corporation since April 1989 and is Vice President, Sales and Marketing – Industrial, since 2004.

Mr. Jeff Crews is Vice President – Business Development – Retail since January 2015. Previously, Mr. Crews held the position of President of Stanley Black and Decker Canada.

Mr. Charles White is Vice President – General Manager – United States since January 2015. From 2008 to 2014, he was General Manager – Central and Eastern United States. From 2005 to 2008, he was President and Chief Executive Officer of Grass America Inc. and from 1996 to 2005, he held the position of Chief Sales and Marketing Officer for C.H. Briggs Hardware Inc.

Ms. Geneviève Quevillon is Vice President - Logistic and Supply Chain since January 2016. From 2008 to 2015, she was Principal Manager – Logistic and Supply Chain. From 2005 to 2008, she worked for Premier Horticulture Inc., a corporation specialized in manufacturing and distributing of peat moss products and was Vice President, Logistic and Supply Chain when she left the corporation. From 2000 to 2005, she was Director of Supply Chain for the North American division of Orica, an Australian corporation.

Mr. Éric Daignault works for Richelieu since 2000 and he is currently General Manager of Divisions. From 1995 to 2000, he held the position of Vice-President Operations for Wrebbit Inc.

Ms. Marion Kloibhofer is with the Corporation since August 1989 and is General Manager - Central Canada since 1990.

Mr. John Statton is with the Corporation since November 1994 and is General Manager - Western Canada and Western United States since 1999.

Mr. Christian Dion is Manager - Human Resources since January 2005. From 2000 to 2005, he was Manager, Human Resources, East Region Canada, for Solectron (Corporation amalgamated to C-Mac Inc.). From 1997 to 2000, he held the positions of Chief, Corporate Service - Compensation and Special Projects and Chief of Human Resources Department with Viasystems Canada Inc.

Mr. Yannick Godeau acts as Corporate Secretary of the Corporation since January 2014. Prior to joining Richelieu, Mr. Godeau held the position of General Counsel, Director of alliances and Corporate Secretary of 20-20 Technologies Inc. from 2003 to 2014.

SHAREHOLDINGS OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

As of January 31, 2016 the directors and executive officers of the Corporation, as a group, were the beneficial holders, directly or indirectly, of 1,519,507 common shares of the Corporation, representing approximately 7.8% of the outstanding common shares.

CEASE OF TRADE ORDERS, BANKRUPTCIES, PENALTIES AND SANCTIONS

To the best knowledge of the Corporation, no Director or Officer of Richelieu is, or has been within the past 10 years, a Director, a Chief Executive Officer or a Chief Financial Officer of any corporation that, (i) while such person was acting in that capacity, was the subject of a cease trade or similar order or an order that denied such corporation access to any exemptions under Canadian securities legislation for a period of more than 30 consecutive days; or (ii) was subject to a cease trade or similar order or an order that denied such corporation access to any exemptions under Canadian securities legislation for a period of more than 30 consecutive days that was issued after the Director or Officer ceased to act in that capacity which resulted from an event that occurred while that person was acting in that capacity.

To the best knowledge of the Corporation, no Director or Officer of Richelieu or, shareholder of Richelieu holding a sufficient number of securities of Richelieu to affect materially the control of Richelieu (a "Control Person") is, or has been within the past 10 years, a Director or Officer of any corporation that while such person was acting in that capacity, or within a year of that person ceasing to act in that capacity, was declared bankrupt or made a voluntary assignment in bankruptcy, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency or was subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold its assets.

To the best knowledge of the Corporation, no Director, Officer or Control Person of Richelieu has been subject to any penalties or sanctions imposed by a court relating to Canadian securities legislation or by a Canadian securities regulatory authority or has entered into a settlement agreement with a Canadian securities regulatory authority, nor has any Director, Officer or Control Person of Richelieu been subject to any other penalties or sanctions imposed by a court or regulatory body that would likely be considered important to a reasonable investor in making an investment decision.

To the best knowledge of the Corporation, no Director, Officer or Control Person of Richelieu, nor any personal holding company of any such person, has within the past 10 years, been declared bankrupt or made a voluntary assignment in bankruptcy, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency or been subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors, or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold the assets of that individual.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Currently, the Corporation is not a party to any proceedings or claims or actions the issue of which would have a material adverse effect on its financial condition and operating results.

INTEREST OF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND OTHER INFORMED PERSONS IN MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS

No director, executive officer or other informed person of the Corporation, nor any associate or affiliate of the foregoing persons has had any interest, directly or indirectly, in any material transaction since the commencement of the Corporation's last fiscal year.

TRANSFER AGENT AND REGISTRARS

The transfer agent and register of the Corporation's common shares is Computershare Investor Services Inc. located at Suite 700, 1500 University Street, Montreal, Quebec, H3A 3S8. A share transfer service is offered by Computershare Trust Company at its offices located in Montreal, Quebec, and in Toronto, Ontario.

MATERIAL CONTRACT

Richelieu has not entered into any material contract during the most recently completed financial year, or before the most recently completed financial year and which are still in effect, other than in the ordinary course of business.

INTEREST OF EXPERTS

Ernst & Young LLP acts as auditors of Richelieu and accordingly has signed the auditors' report on Richelieu's annual financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2015. The partners and staff of Ernst & Young LLP do not beneficially own, directly or indirectly, any of the issued and outstanding common shares of Richelieu.

INFORMATION ON THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

CHARTER AND COMPOSITION OF THE COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Corporation is comprised of three (3) independent directors who are financially literate, namely Mr. Mathieu Gauvin (Chair), Mr. Sylvie Vachon, Mr. Marc Poulin and the Chair of the Board, who acts as *ex officio* member. This Committee is responsible for assisting the Board of Directors in the fulfillment of its duties with respect to financial accounting and financial reporting practices as well as the adequacy and integrity of internal controls, risk management and information systems. The duties and responsibilities of the Audit Committee are described in the Audit Committee Charter, a copy of which is attached as Appendix A.

FINANCIAL LITERACY OF AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Mr. Mathieu Gauvin graduated from McGill University with a Bachelor of Commerce in 1983 as well as a Graduate Diploma in Public Accountancy in 1984. In 1986 he was awarded the Chartered Accountant (CA) designation and in 1987 completed with distinction the Canadian Securities course. Mr. Gauvin has also been awarded the Chartered Business Valuators (CBV) and Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) designations. Since September 2006, he is employed by the Richter Advisory Group Inc., where he acted first as Vice President and, since 2011, he is Partner of the firm. He is director and Chair of the Audit Committee of HNZ Group Inc. (formerly Canadian Helicopters Group Inc.), Supremex Inc. and Logistik Unicorp Inc. Before that, he worked as Chief Financial Officer of Europe's Best Inc. and as Vice President and Partner at Schrodgers & Associates Canada Inc. He has advised three private equity funds with total capital commitments of over \$360 million dedicated to buy-outs and development capital for mid-sized Canadian companies in the areas of general and industrial manufacturing, distribution, services and retail. Having participated in mergers and acquisitions and divestitures, Mr. Gauvin has been involved in all aspects of a transaction. By reason of his training and experience, Mr. Gauvin has a good understanding of the accounting principles used by Richelieu, is able to assess the application of the generally accepted accounting principles and has evaluated financial statements that present accounting issues of an importance and degree of complexity similar to the ones on the financial statements of Richelieu.

Ms. Sylvie Vachon graduated with a Bachelor degree in Business Administration from the University of Sherbrooke and holds the function of President and Chief Executive Officer of the Montreal Port Authority (MPA) since July 2009. Having joined the MPA in 1990 as Head of Human Resources, Ms. Vachon held various other functions before being promoted CEO. Mrs. Vachon further acts as President of the Logistic and Transportation Metropolitan Cluster of Montreal – Cargo Montreal, is a member of the Boards of Directors of the St. Lawrence Economic Development Council (SODES), of the Association of Canadian Port Authorities as well as of Cascades. She is also a governor member of the Quebec Business Council on the Environment. By reason of her training, extensive business experience and ability to assess the application of the generally accepted accounting principles applied in complex environments such as those of the MPA and SODES, Ms. Vachon significantly contributes to the Committee's work.

Mr. Marc Poulin graduated with a Bachelor degree of Actuarial Sciences from Laval University and further holds a Masters' degree in Management (Marketing) from the J.L. Kellogg Graduate School of Management at Northwestern University. Mr. Poulin is President and Chief Executive Officer of Empire Company Limited (TSX:EMP.A) as well as President and Chief Executive Officer of its wholly-owned subsidiary Sobeys Inc., a leading Canadian grocery retailer and food distributor. Previously, Mr. Poulin held a variety of progressively senior retail marketing and management roles with Provigo Distribution, Culinar Inc., Desjardins-Laurentian Life Group, Oshawa Group and Sobeys. Mr. Poulin's actuarial training and extensive business experience ensure an excellent understanding and assessment of all accounting principles used by Richelieu.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

Pursuant to the charter of the Audit Committee, all non-audit services performed by the external auditors of Richelieu, or by members of their group, as well as fees related to those services must have previously been approved by the Audit Committee. Before approval, the Committee must also analyze the impact of those non-audit services on the independence of the external auditors. The Audit Committee has the power to delegate this responsibility to one of its members, who in turn must report to the committee the non-audit services so approved.

COMPENSATION OF AUDITORS

For the fiscal years ended November 30, 2015 and 2014, the Corporation paid the following fees to Ernst & Young LLP.

	Fees - 2015	Fees - 2014
Total Audit Fees	\$206,200	\$207,050
Total Audit-related Fees	\$58,600	\$81,450
Total Tax Fees	\$4,000	\$6,900
Total Fees	\$268,800	\$295,400

In the above table, the expressions indicated in the "Category of Fees" column have the following meaning: "Audit Fees" include the aggregate fees billed by Ernst & Young LLP for the audit of annual consolidated financial statements, the reading of the quarterly financial statements, and other documents for regulatory filings. "Audit-related Fees" include the aggregate fees billed by Ernst & Young LLP for consulting services with respect to regulatory standards, accounting standards and due diligence reviews in connection with contemplated or completed acquisitions by the Corporation. "Tax Fees" include the aggregate fees billed by Ernst & Young LLP for professional services rendered for tax compliance, tax advice, as well as tax planning services.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Corporation may be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. Financial information relating to the Corporation is provided in the consolidated financial statements and the management's discussion and analysis for its financial year ended November 30, 2015, both of which may be obtained on SEDAR or upon request to the Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation at 7900 Henri-Bourassa Blvd. West, Montréal, Quebec, H4S 1V4. Additional information, including executive officers' and directors' compensation and indebtedness, if any, principal shareholders of the Corporation, stock options and interest of insiders in material transactions, if any, are contained in the Management Proxy Circular prepared for the Annual and Special Meeting of Shareholders.

APPENDIX A
RICHELIEU HARDWARE LTD.
AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee (the “Committee”) is a committee appointed by the Board. The Committee is established to allow the Corporation to fulfil obligations imposed upon public companies with respect to audit committees and to assist the Board in fulfilling its overseeing responsibilities with respect to the accounting and financial reporting processes of the Corporation and the auditing of its financial statements.

The Audit Committee must, amongst other things:

- Oversee the integrity of the Corporation’s financial reports and financial reporting process, including the audit process and the Corporation’s internal accounting controls and procedures and compliance with related legal and regulatory requirements.
- Oversee the work of the external auditors and ascertain their qualifications and independence.
- Oversee the work of the Corporation’s Management in these areas.
- Provide an efficient avenue of communication between the external auditors, the Board and Management.

The function of the Committee is one of overseeing. It is not the duty or responsibility of the Committee or its members (i) to plan or conduct audits, (ii) to determine that the Corporation’s financial statements are complete and accurate and are in accordance with applicable accounting practices or (iii) to conduct other types of auditing or accounting reviews or similar procedures or investigations. The members of the Committee are members of the Board of the Corporation, appointed to the Committee to provide broad oversight of the financial, risk and control related activities of the Corporation, and are specifically not accountable or responsible for the day to day operation or performance of such activities. The Committee reports through the Committee Chairman to the Board following meetings of the Committee on matters considered by the Committee, its activities and compliance with this Charter.

Management is responsible for the preparation, presentation, integrity and the financial reporting of the Corporation. Management is also responsible for maintaining appropriate accounting, financial reporting practices and policies, systems of risk assessment and internal controls, procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, that transactions are properly authorized, recorded and reported, and to ensure the effectiveness and efficiency of operations, the reliability of financial reporting and compliance with accounting standards and applicable laws and regulations.

The external auditors are responsible for planning and carrying out an audit of the Corporation’s annual financial statements in accordance with Canadian auditing standards to provide reasonable assurance that, among other things, such financial statements are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The external auditors are directly accountable to the Committee and the Board as the representatives of the shareholders of the Corporation and the Committee shall so instruct the external auditors.

Absent actual knowledge to the contrary (which shall be promptly reported to the Board), each member of the Committee shall be entitled to rely on (i) the integrity of those persons or organizations within and outside the Corporation from which it receives information, (ii) the accuracy of the financial and other information provided to the Committee by such persons or organizations and (iii) representations made by Management.

MEMBERSHIP AND ORGANIZATION

Following each annual meeting of shareholders, the Board of Directors of the Corporation shall elect three or more directors to serve on the Committee until the close of the next annual meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation or until the member ceases to be a director, resigns or is replaced, whichever first occurs. Any member may be removed from office or replaced at any time by the Board.

Subject to exceptions prescribed by applicable law, regulations, policies, guidelines or requirements of securities authorities and stock exchanges on which shares of the Corporation are traded (collectively the “Applicable Requirements”), each member of the Committee shall be “independent” and “non-related” and shall be “financially literate” (as all such terms are defined by the Applicable Requirements for audit committees).

The Board shall appoint one of the Committee members as the Chairman of the Committee. If the Chairman is absent from a meeting, the attending members shall elect among them one member to act as Chairman of the meeting. The Chairman of the Committee is responsible for:

- Preparing a calendar of Committee meetings.
- Preparing, in collaboration with the Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, the agenda for Committee meetings and ensuring that the required documents are available on time.
- Chairing Committee meetings.
- Ensuring that the Committee fulfills its responsibilities with respect to the Charter.
- Reporting to the Board on the matters examined by the Committee.

The Committee must hold at least four regular meetings each year. Special meetings of the Committee may be called by the Chairman of the Committee, by the external auditors, by the Chairman of the Board of the Corporation or by the President and Chief Executive Officer. The quorum for all committee meetings is fixed at the majority of the members.

AUTHORITY

The Committee shall have the authority to:

- Engage independent counsel and other advisors as it determines necessary to carry out its duties.

- Set and pay the compensation for any advisors engaged by the Committee.
- To communicate directly with the external auditors.

RESPONSIBILITIES

1. EXTERNAL AUDITORS

- The Committee shall evaluate the performance of the external auditors and make recommendations to the Board on the reappointment or appointment of the external auditors.
- The Committee shall review the terms of the external auditors' engagement and the appropriateness and reasonableness of the proposed audit fees and make the appropriate recommendations to the Board.
- The Committee shall receive periodic reports from the external auditors regarding the auditors' independence, discuss such reports with the auditors, and if so determined by the Committee, make recommendations to the Board on appropriate actions to be taken which the Committee deems necessary to protect and enhance the independence of the external auditors.
- The Committee shall approve in advance any engagements for non-audit services provided by the external auditors or their affiliates, together with the fees for such services, and consider the impact on the independence of the external auditors. This task may be delegated to a member of the Committee, which will report decisions taken during the first meeting following the approval of any terms of engagement. Moreover, the Committee may also adopt policies and procedures concerning the pre-approval of non-audit services to be provided by the external auditors.
- When a change of external auditors is proposed, the Committee shall review the reason for the change, any other significant issues related to the change and the planned steps for an orderly transition.
- Under the communication protocol published by the Canadian Public Accountability Board (CPAB), audit firms must submit the annual public report of CPAB to audit committees. All audit committees of listed issuers will receive, annually, said report electronically. If CPAB has inspected the Company's audit file, auditors should provide the Committee with the following information:
 - A description of the sectors targeted by the CPAB inspection.
 - An indication as to the existence of significant findings.
 - The significant findings of the inspection, as reported by CPAB in its Report on findings related to the mission (RFM), including a description of any measures taken by the audit firm in response to the findings and conclusion of CPAB.

In this regard, the Audit Committee should discuss the key findings revealed by the inspection with the auditors. These discussions will include:

- The nature and principal causes of each significant findings revealed by the inspection.
- The additional work undertaken by the audit firm to correct the problems and the corresponding results.
- The impact, if any, on previously issued or future financial statements.
- The changes that the auditors intent to bring to their audit strategy as a result of such significant findings.

2. AUDIT PROCEDURES

- The Committee shall review with the external auditors and Management the audit plans of the external auditors and shall ascertain whether the scope of the planned audit can be relied upon to detect weaknesses in internal controls of the Corporation or fraud or other illegal acts.
- The Committee shall review the working relationship between the external auditors and Management. Also, the Committee shall review any problems experienced by the external auditors in performing the audit, including any restrictions imposed by Management or significant accounting issues on which there was a disagreement with Management.
- The Committee shall review with Management the results of the external audits.
- The Committee shall review the letter addressed to Management containing the recommendations of the external auditors, and Management's response and subsequent follow-up to any identified weaknesses.
- Following each annual audit, the Committee shall establish questions to be answered by the external auditors and Management and review the answers provided.
- The Committee shall take such other reasonable steps as it may deem necessary to satisfy itself that the audit was conducted in a manner consistent with all applicable legal requirements and auditing standards of applicable professional or regulatory bodies.

3. FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ACCOUNTING TRENDS

The Committee shall review and discuss the following items with Management and the external auditors:

- The quality, appropriateness and acceptability of the Corporation's accounting principles and practices used in its financial reporting, changes in the Corporation's accounting principles or practices and the application by Management of particular accounting principles and disclosure practices concerning new transactions or events.
- The presentation and impact of significant risks and uncertainties, and key estimates and judgements of Management that may be material to financial reporting.
- General accounting trends and issues of accounting principles, standards and practices which affect or may affect the Corporation, the Corporation's financial statements and other financial disclosures.

- d) Any reserves, accruals, provisions, estimates or Management programs and policies, including factors that may affect asset and liability carrying values and the timing of revenue and expense recognition, that may have a material effect upon the financial statements of the Corporation.
- e) The treatment for financial reporting purposes of any significant transactions which are not a normal part of the Corporation's operations.
- f) The use of any "pro forma" or "adjusted" information not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
- g) Management's determination of goodwill impairment, if any, as required by applicable accounting standards.

4. INTERNAL CONTROLS

- a) The Committee shall review and discuss the following items with Management and the external auditors:
 - i) The adequacy and effectiveness of the Corporation's internal accounting and financial controls.
 - ii) The evaluation of internal accounting and financial controls by the external auditors, together with Management's response.
 - iii) Any material weaknesses in the internal control environment, including with respect to computerized information system controls and security.
 - iv) Management's compliance with the Corporation's procedures and internal controls.
- b) The Committee shall establish procedures for:
 - i) The receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Corporation regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, or audit matters.
 - ii) The confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Corporation of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.

5. CORPORATION FINANCIAL INFORMATION DISCLOSURE

- a) The Committee shall review and discuss the following items with the external auditors, if applicable, and Management and recommend to the Board for approval, before release to the public:
 - i) Interim unaudited financial statements and the notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis accompanying such financial statements.
 - ii) Audited annual financial statements and the notes, auditors' report and Management's Discussion and Analysis accompanying such financial statements.
 - iii) All public disclosure documents or regulatory filings pursuant to applicable standards containing or accompanying audited or unaudited financial information, including any prospectus, annual report, annual information form, information circular and press release of the Corporation related to a significant acquisition.
- b) The Committee shall review and discuss any report or press release which accompanies published financial statements (to the extent such a report or press release discusses financial condition or operating results) for consistency of disclosure with the financial statements themselves.
- c) In its review of financial statements, the Committee should obtain an explanation from Management of all significant variances between comparative reporting periods and an explanation from Management for items which vary from expected or budgeted amounts as well as from previous reporting periods.
- d) The Committee shall meet with Management to review the process and systems in place for ensuring the reliability of public disclosure documents that contain audited and unaudited financial information and their effectiveness. As part of this process, the Committee shall require each of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation to provide a certificate certifying the matters such officers are required to certify under Applicable Requirements.

6. OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES

- a) The Committee shall review the appointments of the Chief Financial Officer and any key financial executives involved in the financial preparation and reporting process.
- b) The Committee shall review and approve the Corporation's hiring policies regarding partners, employees and former partners and employees of the present and former external auditors of the Corporation.
- c) The Committee shall review such litigations, claims, transactions or other contingencies as the external auditors or any officer of the Corporation may bring to its attention, and shall periodically review the Corporation's risk management programs.
- d) The Committee shall review the conclusions of any review by any regulating authority regarding the Corporation.
- e) The Committee shall consider all other matters of a financial nature as delegated by the Board.
- f) The Committee shall review the Corporation's major financial exposures and the policy steps Management has taken to monitor and control such exposures, including the use of financial derivatives and hedging activities.
- g) The Committee shall review all related party transactions.
- h) The Committee shall review and make recommendations to the Board concerning the financial structure, condition and strategy of the Corporation and its subsidiaries, including with respect to annual budgets, long-term financial plans, corporate borrowings, investments, capital expenditures, long term commitments and the issuance and/or repurchase of stock.
- i) The Committee shall review material policies and practices of the Corporation respecting cash management and material financing strategies or policies or proposed financing arrangements and objectives of the Corporation.
- j) The Committee shall review material tax policies and tax planning initiatives, tax payments and reporting and any pending tax audits or assessments.

- k) The Committee shall review the insurance coverage of the Corporation including the premiums and the quality of the insurer.
- l) The Committee shall receive and review periodic reports regarding statutory deductions and remittances, environmental matters, insurance coverage and banking ratios, ensure compliance thereof with applicable standards and assess the nature and extent of any non-compliance together with the reasons therefore and the Management's plan and timetable to correct any deficiencies.

7. CHARTER

- a) The Committee shall review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter at least annually and otherwise as it deems appropriate and recommend changes to the Board. The performance of the Committee shall be evaluated in reference to this Charter annually.
- b) The Committee shall ensure that this Charter (or an approved summary thereof) is disseminated in accordance with Applicable Requirements.

Approved by the Board on January 25, 2006, revised and approved without modifications on July 9th, 2007, on January 28, 2010 and on January 27, 2011; modified by the Audit Committee on October 4th, 2011 and approved by the Board on October 6th, 2011; modified by the Audit Committee on January 25th 2012 and approved by the Board on January 26th, 2012; modified by the Audit Committee on January 21st, 2015 and approved by the Board on January 22nd, 2015.